

Application Note

TID MEMORY MAPS FOR MONZA SELF-SERIALIZATION

TECHNICAL REFERENCE



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1 INTRODUCTION

RFID (radio frequency identification) tags have been applied to billions of apparel items and an increasing number of retailers are requesting RFID tagged items from their suppliers. RFID systems require that each item have a unique serial number so that it can be identified or counted; so, brand owners are faced with the challenge of managing and encoding unique serial numbers across their global, and often complex, supply chains.

In the past, brand owners only had a choice between implementing and administering their own IT-based serialization systems or outsourcing serial number management to one or more qualified third-party service bureaus. These options for implementing or outsourcing serialization may force brand owners to change their business processes in ways that increase costs or decrease their supply chain responsiveness and flexibility.

With Monza® Self-Serialization, brand owners have an easy-to-deploy and scalable EPC (electronic product code) serialization method based on Impinj's breakthrough tag chip serial number management and an ecosystem of high-performance encoding solutions. Monza Self-Serialization enables brand owners to generate a serial number directly from their tag chip, eliminating the need for IT systems to coordinate, distribute and synchronize serial numbers. In addition, brand owners gain control and flexibility to choose when, where and how they manage their RFID tagging processes and deliver properly tagged products.

At the heart of Monza Self-Serialization are Impinj's endpoint ICs. Boasting leading encoding performance and built-in scalable serialization, these tag chips are supported by a global ecosystem of high-quality inlay manufacturers and service bureaus. Monza Self-Serialization allows RFID printer encoders and inline or bulk encoding solutions based on the Impinj ItemEncode software to construct a unique Serialized Global Trade Item Number (SGTIN) under the hood, using existing IT-based barcode and variable data management business processes.

Monza Self-Serialization allows:

- Scalable serialization built into Impinj endpoint ICs
- SGTIN serial numbers generated directly from Monza's unalterable Tag Identifier (TID)
- EPC data quality and integrity with verifiable SGTIN at any point in supply chain
- Forward compatible with future generations of Impini endpoint ICs

Monza Self-Serialization is an easy to deploy and scalable chip-based serialization method for item-level RFID tagging where a unique EPC serial number is generated from the unalterable serialized Tag Identifier (TID) and encoded as part of a unique Electronic Product Code (EPC) into the EPC memory bank of an Impinj endpoint ICs.

This application note documents the use of the unalterable serialized Tag Identifier (TID) for generating serial numbers which may be stored in the EPC memory bank.



Table 1: TID Bits for Impinj Tag Chip Models

SERIALIZATION FAMILY	TAG CHIP	1 ST 32-BITS OF TID	NOTES
Monza	Impinj M830/M850	E280 11B0	The memory map is one-time configurable for these tag chips, but the tag model number does not change with memory configuration
Monza	Impinj M781	E280 11C1	
Monza	Impinj M780	E280 11C0	
Monza	Impinj M775	E2C0 11A2	
Monza	Impinj M770	E280 11A0	
Monza	Impinj M750	E280 1190	
Monza	Impinj M730	E280 1191	
Monza	Monza R6-P	E280 1170	
Monza	Monza R6-A	E280 1171*	Wafer Mask Revision: 000 Product has reached end of life (EOL)
Monza	Monza R6-B	E280 1171*	Wafer Mask Revision: 001 Product has reached end of life (EOL)
Monza	Monza R6	E280 1160	
Monza	Monza 5	E280 1130	Product has reached end of life (EOL)
Monza	Monza 4D	E280 1100	
Monza	Monza 4E	E280 110C	
Monza	Monza 4QT	E280 1105	
Monza	Monza 4i	E280 1114	Product has reached end of life (EOL)
MonzaX	Monza X-2K	E280 1140	Product has reached end of life (EOL)
MonzaX	Monza X-8K	E280 1150	

^{*}Monza R6-A and Monza R6-B share the same Tag Model Number (TMN) but they can be distinguished by their wafer mask revision numbers. Monza R6-A has a wafer mask revision value of 000₂, and Monza R6-B has a wafer mask revision value of 001₂.

2 MONZA SELF-SERIALIZATION FORMULAS

To accommodate differences in TID serial number structures between Impinj endpoint ICs and to enable forward compatible innovation in future generations of Impinj endpoint ICs, Impinj utilizes Monza model specific "formulas" to specify which bits should be used from the TID and how those bits should be ordered to construct a unique serial number that can be used in EPC compliant or other customer specific tag data schemas.



2.1 Monza Series

- Impinj endpoint ICs contain 2-bit Monza Series ID in the TID memory bank to identify the serial number pool that the serial number was generated from. These tag chips can support Series 0 [00] through Series 3 [11].
- Currently, there are two different serialization families: Monza and MonzaX.
- For a serialization family and a given series there is a unique set of 38-bit serial number values which may be shared across multiple tag chip models. Serial numbers are not unique across multiple series and serialization families. As an example, Monza R6 Series 1 and Monza 5 Series 1 are each independent SKUs that contain serial numbers from the same Monza Series 1 serial number pool. Meanwhile, Monza 4 Series 0, Monza 5 Series 1 and Monza X-8K Series 3 span multiple serialization families and multiple series, so these serial numbers come from different pools and would not be guaranteed unique.
- End users can utilize Monza Self-Serialization on tag chips with different serial number sources (Example: Monza 5 Series 1 and Monza 4 Series 0) by assigning a unique serialization prefix (MSB of generated 38-bit serial number) to each.
- The 96-bit TIDs and 96-bit serial numbers for all Impinj endpoint ICs are unique.
- Currently the "Monza" serialization family uses Series 1 and the "MonzaX" serialization family uses Series 3 specifically for the Monza X tag chip family.

2.2 Monza Series Cycle Counter

- The Series Cycle Counter is a Series specific 1-bit value that increments when the series rolls over.
- The cycle counter is used to identify series rollover by downstream customers and to maintain 96bit TID uniqueness.
- The cycle counter is not contained in the TID memory of Impinj M800, M700, Monza 5, Monza 4, Monza X-2K or Monza X-8K tag chips and is always set to zeros. The Monza 6 family tag chips supports the cycle counter in TID NVM.

2.3 Serialization Bits

Impinj endpoint ICs come with a 48-bit serialized number found in bits 30_h - $5F_h$ of TID memory. This number may include additional information such as the Monza Series ID and the Monza Series Cycle Counter along with a 38-bit serial number that is unique for a serialization family for a given series as defined for each Impinj endpoint ICs in the following sections.

The table below shows how the bits from Monza Self-Serialization are used for generating serialized 96-bit EPC values.



Table 2: Supported EPC Memory Serialization Bits When Using Monza Self-Serialization

BITS	DATA (ZEROS FROM MSS)	VALUES
35	FFFFFFFFFFFFFF80000000	[61-bits Data][35-bit Serial Number]
36	FFFFFFFFFFFFF00000000	[60-bits Data][36-bit Serial Number]
37	FFFFFFFFFFFFE00000000	[59-bits Data][37-bit Serial Number]
38	FFFFFFFFFFFFC00000000	[58-bits Data][38-bit Serial Number]
96	0000000000000000000000	[96-bit Serial Number]



2.4 Impinj M800 Series Memory Map

Table 3: Impinj M800 Series TID Memory Map

IMPINJ M800 SERIES TID MEMORY BANK																
Bit Address	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	Α	В	С	D	Е	F
50 _h -5F _h x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x															Х	
40 _h -4F _h x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x															Х	
30 _h -3F _h	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	х	х	х	Х
20 _h -2F _h	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
10 _h -1F _h	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0
00 _h -0F _h	1	1	1				1		1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
					MEM	ORY I	/AP L	EGEN	D							

	MEM	ORY MAP L	EGEND	
Segment	Location	Bits	Binary	Value
ISO / IEC 15963 Class Identifier	00 _h -07 _h	8	11100010	GS1 EPCglobal Class 1 Gen 2
XTID Indicator (X bit)		1	1	Indicates the presence of an extended TID (XTID)
Security Indicator (S bit)	09 _h	1	0	Does not implement Authenticate or Challenge commands
File Indicator (F bit)	0A _h	1	0	Does not implement the FileOpen command
Mask Designer Identifier (MDID)	0B _h -13 _h	9*	000000001	
Tag Model Number (TMN)	14 _h -1F _h	12	000110110000	Impinj M830 and M850 tag models share the same tag model number
EPC Tag Data Standard Header	20 _h -2F _h	16	00100000000000000	Supports extended TID (XTID) – 48-bit SN
Wafer Mask Revision	30 _h -32 _h	3		Indicates the Mask Revision for the tag
Reserved for Future Use	50 _h -54 _h	5	xxxxx	
Monza Series ID	55 _h -56 _h	2	01	Supports Series 0 – Series 3
Serial Number		38		

Note: The values for x denotes the unique serialization values for each chip. *The GS1 currently defines the MDID as the 9 bit value from $0B_h$ to 13_h in the Tag Data Standard (TDS). A previous TDS definition included the X, S and F bits in the MDID. For applications using a 12-bit MDID, the value would be 1000000000001_b or 801_h .

• Impinj M800, Series 0 [00] - Series 3 [11] 96-bit Serial Number Formula

 $[00h:07h] \\ [08h:13h] \\ [14h:15h] \\ 1010 \\ 0101 \\ 0000 \\ 0 \\ [30h:32h] \\ 000 \\ [50h:56h] \\ [57h:5fh] \\ [40h:4fh] \\ [33h:3fh] \\ 000 \\ [50h:56h] \\ [5$

Impinj M800, Series 0 [00] – Series 3 [11] 38-bit Serial Number Formula

[57h:5Fh][40h:4Fh][33h:3Fh]



2.5 Impinj M700 Series Memory Map

Table 4: Impinj M700 Series TID Memory Map

Table 4: Impinj M700 Series TID Memory Map IMPINJ M700 SERIES TID MEMORY BANK																		
Bit Address	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	Α	В	С	D	Е	F		
50 _h -5F _h	х	Х	Х	х	Х	х	х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	х	х	Х	Х		
40 _h -4F _h	Х	Х	Х	х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	х	Х	Х	Х	Х		
30 _h -3F _h	х	Х	Х	х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	х	х	х	х	х		
20 _h -2F _h	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
10 _h -1F _h	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	M	M	M	M M M						
00 _h -0F _h	1	1	1				1		1	S	0	0	0	0	0	0		
					MEM	ORY I	MAP L	EGEN	D									
Segment Location Bits Binary Value ISO / IEC 15963 Class Identifier 00h-07h 8 11100010 GS1 EPCglobal Class																		
ISO / IEC 15963 Clas	ss Ident	tifier		00 _h -07 _h	ı	;	8	1110	00010			GS1 E	EPCglob	oal Clas	s 1 Gen	2		
XTID Indicator	(X bit)						1	1				Indicates the presence of an extended TID (XTID)						
Security Indicate	or (S bit	:)		09 _h			1	S				Challe • "		mmand: npinj M7				
File Indicator	(F bit)		0A _h			1		0				Does comm		lement	the <i>File</i>	Open		
Mask Designer Iden	tifier (M	IDID)		0B _h -13 _h	n	9*		0000	0000	1								
Tag Model Numb	er (TMN	۷)		14 _h -1F _h		12		0003	l mmm	ММММ		M-bits	s specification (100100) (1001000) (101000) (110000)	es the ta 01" for I 00" for I 00" for I 10" for I 00" for I	where to ag mode mpinj M	730 750 770 775 780		
EPC Tag Data Stand	dard He	ader		20 _h -2F _h	1	1	6	0010	00000	00000	000	Suppo 48-bit		ended 7	TID (XT	ID) –		
Wafer Mask Re	evision			30 _h -32 _h		;	3					Indica the ta		Mask	Revisio	n for		
Reserved for Fu	ture Us	е		50 _h -54 _h		į.	5	0000	0.0									
Monza Serie	s ID			55h-56h		2	2	01				Suppo	orts Ser	ies 0 – 9	Series 3			
Serial Num	ber					3	88											

Note: The values for x denotes the unique serialization values for each chip, and the M denotes the model specific TMN numbers. *The GS1 currently defines the MDID as the 9 bit value from $0B_h$ to 13_h in the Tag Data Standard (TDS). A previous TDS definition included the X, S and F bits in the MDID. For applications using a 12-bit MDID, the value would be 100000000001_b or 801_h .



Impinj M700, Series 0 [00] – Series 3 [11] 96-bit Serial Number Formula

[00h:07h][08h:13h][14h:1Fh] 1010 0101 0000 0[30h:32h] 000[50h:56h][57h:5Fh][40h:4Fh][33h:3Fh]

Impinj M700, Series 0 [00] – Series 3 [11] 38-bit Serial Number Formula

[57h:5Fh][40h:4Fh][33h:3Fh]

2.5.1 Example - Impinj M750 Series 2 Serial Number

Table 5: TID Memory Map EXAMPLE - Impinj M750 Series TID E2801190200069F009420300

IMPINJ M750 TID MEMORY BANK																
Bit Address	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	Α	В	С	D	Е	F
50 _h -5F _h	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
40 _h -4F _h	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0
30 _h -3F _h	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0
20 _h -2F _h	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
10 _h -1F _h	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
00 _h -0F _h	1	1	1			0	1		1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
					ME	MORY	MAP	LEGE	ND							
Segmer	nt			ocatio	n	its		Bin	arv				Value			

	ME	MORY MAP	LEGEND	
Segment	Location	Bits	Binary	Value
ISO / IEC 15963 Class Identifier	00 _h -07 _h	8	11100010	GS1 EPCglobal Class 1 Gen 2
XTID Indicator (X bit)		1	1	Indicates the presence of an extended TID (XTID)
Security Indicator (S bit)	09 _h	1	0	Does not implement Authenticate or Challenge commands
File Indicator (F bit)	0A _h	1	0	Does not implement the FileOpen command
Mask Designer Identifier (MDID)	0B _h -13 _h	9*	000000001	Impinj
Tag Model Number (TMN)	14 _h -1F _h	12	000110010000	"0" for Impinj M750
EPC Tag Data Standard Header	20 _h -2F _h	16	00100000000000000	Supports extended TID (XTID) – 48-bit SN
Wafer Mask Revision	30 _h -32 _h	3	011	Indicates the Mask Revision for the tag
Reserved for Future Use	50 _h -54 _h	5	00000	
Monza Series ID	55 _h -56 _h	2	01	Supports Series 0 – Series 3
Serial Number		38	1000000000000100 1010000100100111 110000	

^{*}The GS1 currently defines the MDID as the 9 bit value from $0B_h$ to 13_h in the Tag Data Standard (TDS). A previous TDS definition included the X, S and F bits in the MDID. For applications using a 12-bit MDID, the value would be 1000000000001_b or 801_h .



Impinj M750 Example, Series 2 [10] 96-bit Serial Number Formula

[00h:07h][08h:13h][14h:1Fh] 1010 0101 0000 0[30h:32h] 000[50h:56h][57h:5Fh][40h:4Fh][33h:3Fh]

• 96-bit Serial Number (binary):

1110 0010 1000 0000 0001 0001 1001 0000 1010 0101 0000 0011 0000 0000 0110 0000 0000 0001 0010 1000 0100 1001 1111 0000

96-bit Serial Number (hex):

E280 1190 A503 0060 0128 49F0

Impinj M750 Example, Series 2 [10] 38-bit Serial Number Formula

[57h:5Fh][40h:4Fh][33h:3Fh]

38-bit Serial Number (binary):

10 0000 0000 0001 0010 1000 0100 1001 1111 0000

38-bit Serial Number (hex):

20012849F0



2.6 Monza 6 Family TID Memory Map

Table 6: Monza 6 TID Memory Map

l able 6: Monza 6	ואו טוו	emor	y ivia	p													
			IM	PINJ N	IONZ	4 6 SE	RIES	TID MEI	MORY	BAN	<						
Bit Address	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	Α	В	С	D	Е	F	
50 _h -5F _h	Х	х	х	х	х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	
40 _h -4F _h	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	
30 _h -3F _h	×	Х	Х	Х	х	Х	Х	х	Х	Х	Х	Х	х	Х	х	Х	
20 _h -2F _h	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
10 _h -1F _h	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	M	M	M	M	M	
00 _h -0F _h	1	1	1				1		1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	ME	MORY	MAP	LEGEN	D												
Segment Location Bits Binary Value ISO / IEC 15963 Class Identifier 00h-07h 8 11100010 GS1 EPCglobal Class 1 Gen 2															Value		
ISO / IEC 15963 Clas	s Ident	ifier	(00 _h -07 _l	h		8	11100	010			GS1 E	EPCglob	al Clas	s 1 Gen	2	
XTID Indicator	(X bit)						1	1				Indicates the presence of an extended TID (XTID)					
Security Indicato	r (S bit)	09 _h				1	0						lement comma		ticate	
File Indicator (F bit)			0A _h			1	0				Does comm		lement t	he <i>File</i>	Open	
Mask Designer Ident	ifier (M	DID)	()B _h -13	h	6)*	00000	0001								
Tag Model Numbe	er (TMN	l)		14 _h -1F	h	1	2	00010)11MM	MMM		Monza 6 family, where MMMMN specifies the Monza 6 tag mode (See Table 7)					
EPC Tag Data Stand	ard Hea	ader	2	20 _h -2F ₁	h	1	6	00100	0000	00000	000	Suppo 48-bit		ended T	ID (XT	ID) –	
Wafer Mask Re	vision		;	30 _h -32 _l	h	;	3					Indica		Mask	Revisio	n for	
Integra™ TID F	Parity			33 _h			1	(Parity	/)				set to g even pa	juarante rity	e bits 3	0:5F	
Reserved for Fut	ure Use)	;	50 _h -52 _l	h	;	3	000									
Monza Series	s ID		!	53 _h -54 _l		:	2	01				Supports Series 0 – Series 3					
Monza Series Cycle	e Coun	ter		34 _h			1	0				Series	rollove	r indica	tor		
Serial Numb	er					3	8										

Note: The values for x denotes the unique serialization values for each chip, and the M denotes the model specific TMN numbers. *The GS1 currently defines the MDID as the 9 bit value from $0B_h$ to 13_h in the Tag Data Standard (TDS). A previous TDS definition included the X, S and F bits in the MDID. For applications using a 12-bit MDID, the value would be 1000000000001_b or 801_h .



Table 7: Monza 6 Model Numbers

TAG MODEL	TAG MODEL NUMBER	WAFER MASK REVISION
Monza R6	000101100000	011
Monza R6-A	000101110001	000
Monza R6-B	000101110001	001
Monza R6-P	000101110000	000

Monza 6 Series 0 [00] – Series 3 [11] 96-bit Serial Number Formula

 $[00_h:07_h] [08_h:13_h] [14_h:1F_h] [30_h:32_h] 0 \quad [50_h:52_h] 0 \quad 0000 \quad 0000 \quad 0[53_h:54_h] 0 \quad 0[34_h] [55_h:5F_h] [40_h:4F_h] [35_h:3F_h]$

Monza 6 Series 0 [00] – Series 3 [11] 38-bit Serial Number Formula

[55_h:5F_h][40_h:4F_h][35_h:3F_h]

- Implementation notes:
 - Monza 6 family tag chip's EPC is pre-serialized using the 96-bit serial number formula above.
 - Last 48-bits of TID should always have even parity.



2.6.1 Example - Monza R6-P Series 1 Serial Number

Table 8: TID Memory Map EXAMPLE - Monza R6-P TID E280117020001089CCEB08DF

Table 0. TID MEITO	y IVIC	лр L7	V~IVI		1	WIOTIZA NO-P TID EZ80TT70Z000T009CCEB00DF											
					MC	NZA 6	S TID I	ИЕМО	RY BAN	NK							
Word	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	Α	В	С	D	Е	F	
50 _h -5F _h	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	
40 _h -4F _h	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	1	1	0	1	0	1	1	
30 _h -3F _h	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	
20 _h -2F _h	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0									
10 _h -1F _h	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	
00 _h -0F _h	1	1	1	0	0		1		1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
						МЕМС	ORY M	AP LE	GEND								
Segment Location Bits Binary Value																	
ISO / IEC 15963 Class	Ident	ifier	C)O _h -07	7 _h	3	8	111(0010			GS1 E	EPCglob	oal Clas	s 1 Gen	2	
XTID Indicator (X	K bit)						1	1					ites the			f an	
Security Indicator	(S bit)		09 _h			1	0	Does not implement Authentication Challenge commands								
File Indicator (F	bit)			0A _h		1		0				Does comm	not imp	lement 1	the <i>File</i>	Open	
Mask Designer Identif	ier (M	DID)	O)B _h -1;	3 _h	9)*	0000	00001			Impinj					
Tag Model Number	r (TMN	I)	1	4 _h -11	Fh	1	2	0001	101110	000		Tag m	nodel nu	ımber (N	Monza F	R6-P)	
EPC Tag Data Standa	rd Hea	ader	2	20 _h -2l	F _h	1	6	0010	00000	000000	00	Supports extended TID (XTID) - 48-bit SN					
Wafer Mask Rev	ision		3	30 _h -32	2 _h	;	3	000				Indicates the Mask Revision for the tag					
Integra™ TID Pa	33 _h			1	1				Bit is set to guarantee bits 30 have even parity								
Reserved for Futu	re Use	•	5	50 _h -52	2 _h	;	3	000									
Monza Series	ID		5	53 _h -54	4 _h	:	2	01				Suppo	orts Seri	ies 0 – 9	Series 3		
Monza Series Cycle	Coun	ter		34 _h			1	0				Series rollover indicator					
Serial Number	er					3	38			111100		30037989513 (decimal)					

^{*}The GS1 currently defines the MDID as the 9 bit value from $0B_h$ to 13_h in the Tag Data Standard (TDS). A previous TDS definition included the X, S and F bits in the MDID. For applications using a 12-bit MDID, the value would be 100000000001_b or 801_h .



Monza R6-P Example, Series 0 [00] – Series 3 [11] 96-bit Serial Number Formula

 $[00_h:07_h] [08_h:13_h] [14_h:1F_h] [30_h:32_h] 0 \quad [50_h:52_h] 0 \quad 0000 \quad 0000 \quad 0[53_h:54_h] 0 \quad 0[34_h] [55_h:5F_h] [40_h:4F_h] [35_h:3F_h]$

Series 1 96-bit Serial Number (binary):

Series 1 96-bit Serial Number (hex):

E280117000000206FE675889

Monza R6-P Example, Series 0 [00] – Series 3 [11] 38-bit Serial Number Formula

[55_h:5F_h][40_h:4F_h][35_h:3F_h]

Series 1 38-bit Serial Number (binary):

00 0110 1111 1110 0110 0111 0101 1000 1000 1001

Series 1 38-bit Serial Number (hex):

06FE675889



2.7 Monza 5 TID Memory Map

Table 9: Monza 5 TID Memory Map

			,	•													
				IMPI	NJ MC	ONZA :	5 TID I	ИЕМС	RY BA	ANK							
Bit Address	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	Α	В	С	D	Е	F	
50 _h -5F _h	Х	Х	х	х	х	Х	Х	Х	Х	х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	
40 _h -4F _h	Х	Х	Х	х	Х	х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	х	Х	Х	
30 _h -3F _h	Х	Х	Х	х	Х	х	0**	Х	Х	х	Х	Х	Х	х	Х	Х	
20 _h -2F _h	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
10 _h -1F _h	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	
00 _h -0 F _h	1	1	1	0			0 1 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0										
MEMORY MAP LEGEND																	
Segmer	nt		L	ocatio	n	В	Bits Binary										
ISO / IEC 15963 Cla	ıss Ider	ntifier	00 _h -07 _h				8	111	00010			GS1 E	EPCglob	oal Cla	ss 1 Ge	n 2	
XTID Indicato	r (X bit)						1	1					ites the			of an	
Security Indicat	or (S b	it)		09 _h			1	0				Does not implement Authentication Challenge commands				nticate	
File Indicator	(F bit)			0A _h			1	0				Does not implement the File command			eOpen		
Mask Designer Ider	MDID)	0B _h -13 _h			6)*	000	00000	1		Impinj						
Tag Model Numl	N)	14 _h -1F _h			1	2	000100110000				Monza 5 family TMN						
EPC Tag Data Stan	EPC Tag Data Standard Header					1	6	00100000000000000				Supports extended TID (XTID) -					

Note: The values for X will be replaced by the unique serialization values for each chip.

 20_h - $2F_h$

30_h-33_h

50_h-52_h

53_h-54_h

01

16

4

3 2

38

00100000000000000

48-bit SN

the tag

Indicates the Mask Revision for

Supports Series 0 – Series 3

Table 10: Monza 5 Model Numbers

EPC Tag Data Standard Header

Wafer Mask Revision

Reserved for Future Use

Monza Series ID

Serial Number

TAG MODEL	TAG MODEL NUMBER	WAFER MASK REVISION
Monza 5	000100110000	0011

^{*} The GS1 currently defines the MDID as the 9 bit value from $0B_h$ to 13_h in the Tag Data Standard (TDS). A previous TDS definition included the X, S and F bits in the MDID. For applications using a 12-bit MDID, the value would be 100000000001_b or 801_b.

^{**} This bit is always fixed to zero on Monza 5. For this reason, it is not included in the Serial Number formula.



Monza 5 Series 0 [00] 96-bit Serial Number Formula

 $[00_h:07_h] [08_h:13_h] [14_h:1F_h] [30_h:33_h] [50_h:52_h] 0 0000 0000 0000 0[53_h:54_h] 0 0000 0[55_h:5C_h] [41_h:4F_h] [5D_h:5F_h] [40_h] [38_h:3F_h]$

Monza 5 Series 0 [00] 38-bit Serial Number Formula

 $000[55_h:5C_h][41_h:4F_h][5D_h:5F_h][40_h][38_h:3F_h]$

Monza 5 Series 1 [01] – Series 3 [11] 96-bit Serial Number Formula

Monza 5 Series 1 [01] – Series 3 [11] 38-bit Serial Number Formula

[55_h:5F_h] [40_h:4F_h] [34_h:35_h] [37_h:3F_h]

2.7.1 Example – Monza 5 Series 1 Serial Number

Table 11: TID Memory Map EXAMPLE - Monza 5 TID E280113020003993EEE1088E

IMPINJ MONZA 5 TID MEMORY BANK																	
Bit Address	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	Α	В	С	D	E	F	
50 _h -5F _h	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	
40 _h -4F _h	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	
30 _h -3F _h	0	0	1	1	1	0	0**	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	
20 _h -2F _h	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
10 _h -1F _h	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	
00 _h -0F _h	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
					ME	MORY	MAP	LEGE	ND								
Segmen	t		L	ocatio	n	В	its		Bin	ary				Value			
ISO / IEC 15963 Cla	ss Iden	tifier	(00 _h -07 _l	h	1	8	111	00010			GS1 E	EPCglob	oal Cla	ss 1 Ge	Gen 2	
XTID Indicator	(X bit)						1	1				Indicates the presence of an extended TID (XTID)					
Security Indicat	or (S bi	t)		09 _h			1	0				Does not implement Authenticate or Challenge commands					
File Indicator	(F bit)			0A _h			1	0				Does not implement the FileOpen command					
Mask Designer Iden	tifier (N	/IDID)	()B _h -13	h	S)*	000000001				Impinj					
Tag Model Numb	er (TM	N)		14 _h -1F	h	1	2	000	10011	0000		Monza	Monza 5 family				
EPC Tag Data Stand	dard He	ader	2	20 _h -2F	h	1	6	00100000000000000000000000000000000000				ktended TID (XTID) -					
Wafer Mask Ro	evision		(30 _h -33 _l	h	4	4 0011			Indicates the Mask Revision for the tag				on for			
Reserved for Fu	I for Future Use 50 _h -52 _h				;	3	000										
Monza Serie	es ID		ţ	53 _h -54		2	2 01 Supports Series			ies 0 –	Series	3					
Serial Num	ber					3	8 0001000111011101 1101110000110110 010011										

^{*} The GS1 currently defines the MDID as the 9 bit value from $0B_h$ to 13_h in the Tag Data Standard (TDS). A previous TDS definition included the X, S and F bits in the MDID. For applications using a 12-bit MDID, the value would be 1000000000001_b or 801_h .

** This bit is always fixed to zero on Monza 5. For this reason, it is not included in the Serial Number formula.



Monza 5 Example – Series 1 [01] – Series 3 [11] 96-bit Serial Number Formula

 $[00_h:07_h] [08_h:13_h] [14_h:1F_h] [30_h:33_h] [50_h:52_h] 0 \ 0000 \ 0000 \ 00[53_h:54_h] 0 \ 00[55_h:5F_h] [40_h:4F_h] [34_h:35_h] [37_h:3F_h] 0 \ 00[55_h:5F_h] [40_h:4F_h] [34_h:35_h] [37_h:3F_h] 0 \ 00[55_h:5F_h] [40_h:4F_h] [34_h:3F_h] 0 \ 00[55_h:5F_h] 0 \ 00[55_h:5F_h] [40_h:4F_h] [40_h:4F_h] [40_h:4F_h] [40_h:4F_h] 0 \ 00[55_h:5F_h] 0 \ 00[55_h:5$

Series 1 96-bit Serial Number (binary):

Series 1 96-bit Serial Number (hex):

E28011303000020477770D93

Monza 5 Example – Series 1 [01] – Series 3 [11] 38-bit Serial Number Formula

[55_h:5F_h][40_h:4F_h][34_h:35_h][37_h:3F_h]

Series 1 38-bit Serial Number (binary):

00 0100 0111 0111 0111 0111 0000 1101 1001 0011

Series 1 38-bit Serial Number (hex):

0477770D93



2.8 Monza 4 TID Memory Map

Table 12: Monza 4 TID Memory Map

Table 12: Monza	able 12: Monza 4 TID Memory Map															
IMPINJ MONZA 4 TID MEMORY BANK																
Bit Address	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	Α	В	С	D	Е	F
50 _h -5F _h	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	Х	х	х	х	Х	Х	х	Х	Х
40 _h -4F _h	Х	Х	х	х	х	х	х	Х	х	х	х	Х	Х	х	Х	Х
30 _h -3F _h	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	Х	х	х	0**	Х	Х	х	Х	Х
20 _h -2F _h	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
10 _h -1F _h	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	M	M	M	M	M
00 _h -0F _h	1	1	1				1		1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MEMORY MAP LEGEND																
Segmen	nt		L	ocatio	n	В	its		Bin	ary				Value		
ISO / IEC 15963 Cla	ıss Ider	tifier	(00 _h -07 _l	h	8		11100010				GS1 EPCglobal Class 1 Gen 2				
XTID Indicator	r (X bit)		08 _h				1	1				Indicates the presence of an extended TID (XTID)				
Security Indicat	or (S bi	it)		09 _h			1	0				Does not implement Authenticate or Challenge commands				
File Indicator	(F bit)			0A _h			1 0			Does not implement the FileOpen command						
Mask Designer Ider	ntifier (N	/IDID)	(0B _h -13	h	9)*	000000001			Impinj					
Tag Model Numl	Tag Model Number (TMN) 14 _h -1F _h			h	1	12 0001000MMMMM			Monza 4 family, where MMMMM specifies the Monza 4 tag model (See Table 13)							
EPC Tag Data Stan	dard He	eader	20 _h -2F _h			1	16 0010000000000000			000	Supports extended TID (XTID)					
Wafer Mask R	evision		30 _h -33 _h			4	4					Indicates the Mask Revision for the tag				
Reserved for Fu	Reserved for Future Use 50 _h -52 _h			;	3	000										
Monza Serie	es ID		,	53 _h -54 _l		2	2	01				Suppo	orts Seri	es 0 –	Series	3
Serial Num	Serial Number						8									

Note: The values for X will be replaced by the unique serialization values for each chip.

* The GS1 currently defines the MDID as the 9 bit value from $0B_h$ to 13_h in the Tag Data Standard (TDS). A previous TDS definition included the X, S and F bits in the MDID. For applications using a 12-bit MDID, the value would be 100000000001_b or 801_h .

^{**} This bit is always fixed to zero on Monza 5. For this reason, it is not included in the Serial Number formula.



Table 13: Monza 4 Model Numbers

TAG MODEL	TAG MODEL NUMBER	WAFER MASK REVISION		
Monza 4D	000100000000	0111		
Monza 4E	000100001100	0111		
Monza 4QT	000100000101	0111		
Monza 4i	000100010100	0111		

Monza 4 Series 0 [00] 96-bit Serial Number Formula

 $[00_h:07_h] [08_h:13_h] [14_h:1F_h] [30_h:33_h] [50_h:52_h] 0 0000 0000 0000 0[53_h:54_h] 0 0000 0[55_h:5C_h] [41_h:4F_h] [5D_h:5F_h] [40_h] [36_h:39_h] [3C_h:3F_h]$

Monza 4 Series 0 [00] 38-bit Serial Number Formula

 $000[55_h:5C_h][41_h:4F_h][5D_h:5F_h][40_h][36_h:39_h][3C_h:3F_h]$

Monza 4 Series 1 [01] – Series 3 [11] 96-bit Serial Number Formula

 $\begin{array}{l} [00_h:07_h] \ [08_h:13_h] \ [14_h:1F_h] \ [30_h:33_h] \ \ [50_h:52_h] \ 0 \ 0000 \ 0000 \ 0000 \ 0[53_h:54_h] \ 0 \ 00 \ [55_h:5F_h] \ [40_h:4F_h] \ [34_h:35_h] \ [38_h] \ [36_h:39_h] \ [3C_h:3F_h] \end{array}$

Monza 4 Series 1 [01] – Series 3 [11] 38-bit Serial Number Formula

 $[55_h:5F_h][40_h:4F_h][34_h:35_h][3B_h][36_h:39_h][3C_h:3F_h]$



2.9 Monza X Family TID Memory Map

Table 14: Monza X TID Memory Map

	IMPINJ MONZA X TID MEMORY BANK															
Word	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	Α	В	С	D	Е	F
50 _h -5F _h	Х	Х	х	х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
40 _h -4F _h	Х	Х	х	х	Х	Х	х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
30 _h -3F _h	Х	Х	х	х	Х	х	0**	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
20 _h -2F _h	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
10 _h -1F _h	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	M	0	0	0	0
00 _h -0F _h	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MEMORY MAP LEGEND																
Segment			L	Location			its	Binary			Value					

WIEWORT WAF LEGEND										
Segment	Location	Bits	Binary	Value						
ISO / IEC 15963 Class Identifier	00 _h -07 _h	8	11100010	GS1 EPCglobal Class 1 Gen 2						
XTID Indicator (X bit)		1	1	Indicates the presence of an extended TID (XTID)						
Security Indicator (S bit)	09 _h	1	0	Does not implement Authenticate or Challenge commands						
File Indicator (F bit)	0A _h	1	0	Does not implement the FileOpen command						
Mask Designer Identifier (MDID)	0B _h -13 _h	9*	00000001	Impinj						
Tag Model Number (TMN)	14 _h -1F _h	12	0001010M0000	Tag Model Number, where M specifies either Monza X-2K or Monza X-8K (See Table 15)						
EPC Tag Data Standard Header	20 _h -2F _h	16	00100000000000000	Supports extended TID (XTID)						
Wafer Mask Revision	30 _h -33 _h	4		Indicates the Mask Revision for the tag						
Reserved for Future Use	50 _h -52 _h	3	000	Supports Series 0 – Series 3						
Monza Series ID	53 _h -54 _h	2	11	Series rollover indicator						
Serial Number		38								

Note: The values for X will be replaced by the unique serialization values for each chip.

Table 15: Monza X Model Numbers

TAG MODEL	TAG MODEL NUMBER	WAFER MASK REVISION
Monza X-2K	000101000000	0010
Monza X-8K	000101010000	0001

^{*} The GS1 currently defines the MDID as the 9 bit value from $0B_h$ to 13_n in the Tag Data Standard (TDS). A previous TDS definition included the X, S and F bits in the MDID. For applications using a 12-bit MDID, the value would be 1000000000001_b or 801_h .

^{**} This bit is always fixed to zero on Monza 5. For this reason, it is not included in the Serial Number formula.



Monza X Series 1 [01] – Series 3 [11] 96-bit Serial Number Formula

 $\begin{array}{c} [00_h:07_h] \ [08_h:13_h] \ [14_h:1F_h] \ [30_h:33_h] \ \ [50_h:52_h] \ 0 \ 0000 \ 0000 \ 0000 \ 0[53_h:54_h] \ 0 \ 00 \ [55_h:5F_h] \ [40_h:4F_h] \ [34_h:35_h] \ [37_h:3F_h] \end{array}$

• Monza X Series 1 [01] - Series 3 [11] 38-bit Serial Number Formula

[55_h:5F_h][40_h:4F_h][34_h:35_h][37_h:3F_h]



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